Workgroup Activities – First Quarter 2013

A. Contaminant Fate Workgroup

Purpose of Workgroup

The purpose of the workgroup is to evaluate the fate of contaminants in the Bay, to understand the contribution of Bay margins to the overall health of the Bay, and to assess the potential impacts of Bay management actions on Bay recovery.

Meetings:

The Contaminant Fate Workgroup (CFWG) will meet in the Spring to review tactical plans developed in coordination with the nutrient monitoring and modeling efforts and to further refine modeling work for 2013.

Milestones:

Activities for the First Quarter of 2013:

- Development of tactical plan. Drs. Jones, Yee, Senn, and Davis have discussed an outline of a plan with a smaller group of RMP stakeholders and Water Board staff. There was support for integrating the modeling efforts as much as possible, but some differences in the spatial and temporal scales of interest and timelines for products needed for various management questions. Partnering efforts with other agencies already modeling in the Bay will be explored and developed.
- A joint meeting of the CFWG and Nutrient Workgroup will be held in late March.

For more information, see previous CFWG minutes and agendas at our website <u>http://www.sfei.org/rmp/cfwg</u> or contact the CFWG leader, Don Yee, at <u>don@sfei.org</u>.

B. Sources Pathways and Loading Workgroup (SPLWG)

Purpose of Workgroup

The purpose of the workgroup is to monitor storm water, small tributaries, and delta outflow to understand contaminant loads to the Bay, to identify high priority tributaries for management actions, to evaluate how loads are changing over time, and to assess possible options for improving water quality.

Meetings:

The SPLWG met on October 24th, 2012. The Small Tributary Strategy Loading team meets almost monthly to assure that RMP activities are coordinated with the Municipal Regional Permit requirements, Regional Board staff and BASMAA staff.

Milestones:

- Completion of the draft report: Pollutants of Concern Loads Monitoring Data Water Year 2011.
- Completion of the draft Technical Memorandum: Event Mean Concentration Development for the Regional Watershed Spreadsheet Model.
- Completion of the Copper Test Case Model for the Regional Watershed Spreadsheet Model.
- Draft Report: PCB and Hg GIS Source Layer Development
- The first three of these reports were discussed at the October 24th SPLWG meeting. Comments are being addressed. The Draft PCB and Hg GIS report should be released at the end of February.

Activities for the First Quarter of 2013:

- RMP and BASMAA-designated staff are continuing to sample at the wet weather sampling at six sites: North Richmond, Pulgas pump station, San Leandro Creek, East Sunnyvale Channel, Lower Marsh, and Guadalupe. The sites that will be covered by the RMP are North Richmond and Sunnyvale. These watersheds will be monitored for a variety of constituents including: PCBs, PAHs, PBDEs, pyrethroids, mercury, copper, selenium, suspended sediment, nitrate, and toxicity.
- STLS will meet on January 31st, 2013 to discuss the source area layers for PCB and Hg for the sediment RWSM (funded by BASMAA), and discussion of BASMAA reporting needs.

For more information, see SPLWG minutes and agenda at our website <u>http://www.sfei.org/rmp/splwg</u> or contact the SPLWG lead, Lester McKee, at <u>Lester@sfei.org</u>. Next SPLWG meeting is scheduled for mid-summer.

C. Exposure and Effects Workgroup

Purpose of Workgroup

The Exposure and Effect workgroup (EEWG) seeks to answer the following questions: Are pollutants individually or in combination having adverse impacts on Bay biota?; Are there spatial and temporal trends?; Which pollutants are responsible for the impacts?; Are there cost-effective tools that can be used to easily monitor these impacts?; and What are the appropriate guidelines?

Meetings:

• The workgroup met with the Emerging Contaminants workgroup to discuss bioanalytical tools and EEWG projects for 2013. The workgroup reviewed the progress on the copper and olfactory nerve project and the PAH and juvenile flatfish. The "Impact of dissolved copper on the olfactory system of seawater-phase juvenile salmon" report suggests that there is relatively little toxicity to the olfactory nerve at levels that are observed in the

estuary. Similarly relatively few adverse outcomes were observed for juvenile flatfish at levels observed in the estuary; however, histology work remains to be completed.

Milestones:

- Completion of the 2012 Cu and Olfactory nerve report (posted at http://www.sfei.org/documents/impact-dissolved-copper-olfactory-system-seawater-phase-juvenile-salmon).
- Completion of the Moderate Toxicity workshop and the draft summary of the meeting (final expected end of January).

Activities for the First Quarter of 2013:

- Addressing comments on the draft EEPS Summary report.
- Continuation of work on the Mesohaline Index Development (SCCWRP).
- Completion of the Sediment Hotspot Followup Study and 2011/2012 benthic studies.

The next workgroup meeting will be held in May 2013. For more information, see previous EEWG minutes and agenda at our website <u>http://www.sfei.org/rmp/eewg</u> or contact the EEWG lead, Meg Sedlak, at <u>meg@sfei.org</u>.

D. Emerging Contaminants Workgroup

Purpose of Workgroup

The purpose of the emerging contaminant workgroup is to identify contaminants of emerging concern (CECs) that have the potential to adversely impact beneficial uses of the Bay.

Meetings:

The ECWG met on May 16th, 2012 to discuss the recently completed synthesis document, a strategy for prioritizing chemicals of emerging concern in the RMP, siloxanes, and an update on the non-targeted screening of Bay Wildlife and recommendations for 2013 work.

Milestones:

- Manuscript on Alkylphenols and PPCPs in San Francisco Bay was accepted to the journal, Environment International.
- A manuscript was completed and submitted that summarize the National Mussel Watch sampling in California for chemicals of emerging concern. The paper will focus on personal care products, alkylphenols, current use pesticides, flame retardants and perfluorinated compounds. This work is being conducted by SCCWRP.

Activities for the First Quarter of 2013:

- Development of an Emerging Contaminants Strategy.
- Preparation of PBDE summary report (due by March).
- Convening a Current Use Pesticide focus meeting.

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- Addressing comments on the draft Synthesis report.
- Finalizing PFC sources article.
- Completion of NIST broadscan work. Samples of harbor seals manuscript and report are expected in March. Mussels analyses will be conducted in early Spring with a write up completed during the summer.

Next ECWG meeting will be held April 5th 2013.

For more information, see previous EC workgroup minutes and agenda at our website <u>http://www.sfei.org/rmp/ecwg</u> or contact the ECWG lead, Meg Sedlak meg@sfei.org.

E. Nutrients

Purpose of Workgroup

The purpose of this workgroup is to evaluate nutrients, methods for monitoring nutrients/ indicators, and scenarios that may result in adverse impacts to the Bay.

Meetings

The Nutrient Conceptual Model Technical Team met on September 14th, 2012 to revise conceptual models for nitrogen, phytoplankton biomass, and phytoplankton community composition.

Milestones

- A proposal was submitted to the Interagency Ecological Program (IEP) 2012 Call for Study Concepts. The 1-year project was proposed for \$181,000 and is a collaboration between SFEI, USGS and Resource Management Associates (RMA). The project would consist several tasks, including analyzing existing nutrient data to identify seasonal and temporal nutrient trends in the Delta, extending the DSM-2 biogeochemical model through 2011 using existing concentration and stable isotope data, applying the updated DSM-2 model to characterize nutrient transformations and losses through the Delta under a range of flow conditions and quantifying nutrient loads to Suisun Bay from the Delta. This proposal was approved in early November 2012 and work will begin in January 2013.
- Field work for nutrient stormwater measurements for water year 2013 is underway. This year, sampling will occur for 4 storms at each of 6 watersheds for the following analytes: total kjedhal nitrogen (TKN), total phosphorous, PO4, NH4, NO3 and NO2 (as the budget allows).
- A first draft of the Suisun Synthesis report is complete and has been distributed for internal review. It includes chapters on phytoplankton nutrient uptake, primary production, zooplankton ecology in and a synthesis of existing water quality data in Suisun Bay. A next draft of this report is expected by January 2013.

Activities for the First Quarter of 2013:

- Work on the Nutrient Conceptual Model Report will continue through April 2013.
- Nutrients stormwater monitoring for water year 2013 will continue through Winter 2012-2013.
- Work will begin on exploring potential goals, structures and costs of a Nutrient Monitoring Plan for San Francisco Bay. Currently San Francisco Bay has no regionallyfunded and regionally-coordinated nutrient monitoring program. With the guidance of a technical advisory team, key goals of a monitoring plan will be identified, possible programmatic structures and institutional agreements will be explored and costs estimates will be developed. The technical advisory team will meet in early 2013, and draft report of recommendations will be completed by November 2013, with a final draft in December 2013. [This work is funded by the State Water Resources Control Board]
- Work will continue on the nutrient loading study in Winter 2012-2013. Key goals include refining WWTP loads to individual Bay segments based on actual historic data (2004-2011) that will become available through a request from the Regional Board, and through individual requests by SFEI staff to WWTP managers. Nutrient data from past stormwater studies data collected in the region will be used, along with a "spreadsheet" hydrological model, to calculate approximate seasonal or monthly loads from stormwater to individual Bay compartments. Effort will also be directed toward improving the estimates of seasonally- and temporally-varying loads from the Delta to Suisun Bay.
- Development of a contract for Dr. Raphe Kudela and colleagues at UCSC to deploy passive sampling devices to monitor microcystin (and other toxin) levels within the Bay Delta.

For more information, please contact David Senn at davids@sfei.org.

F. Dioxin

The dioxin strategy team met on October 26th, 2011 to review the sediment, water, and biota samples that have been collected to date. The water samples were dominated by the octa and the hepta congeners. Sediment samples were collected in both wet and dry seasons and no significant differences were noted; similarly, concentrations remain the same as those observed in 2000. Spatial patterns suggest broad regional trends. Again sediments are dominated by octa and hepta congeners. In the sediment cores, there appears to be a peak after WWII followed by a decline. Dioxin concentrations in shiner surfperch and white croaker continue to exceed the RWQCB guidelines. It was proposed that upon completion of the dioxin studies, it would be appropriate to conduct a dioxin synthesis (2014). Some members thought mass balance and food web model products should be folded into the synthesis rather than as separate reports.

Activities for the First Quarter of 2013:

• Develop a scope of work for dioxin analysis of sediment (2012 work) based on strategy team recommendation.

For more information, please contact Don Yee at don@sfei.org.

G. Status and Trends Sport Fish

Purpose of Workgroup

The purpose of the workgroup is to design RMP studies relating to sport fish contamination.

Meetings

RMP sport fish monitoring has been switched from a three-year cycle to a five-year cycle to maximize cost-effectiveness and to coordinate with state-wide monitoring efforts. The next round of sampling will occur in 2014. A planning meeting will be held late in 2013.

For more information, please contact Jennifer Hunt at jhunt@sfei.org.

H. Items of Interest

There are a number of interesting activities that are not RMP-related but nonetheless of interest to the RMP community.

Delta RMP

The Delta RMP has organized a Steering Committee consisting of POTWs, stormwater programs, agricultural water quality coalitions, the Interagency Ecological Program (IEP), the State and Federal Water Contracting Agencies (SFWCA), the Central Valley Regional Water Board, and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). The Steering Committee will be deciding on a lead entity for the long-term implementation. A meeting summary and background materials are available at the Central Valley Regional Water Board's Delta RMP. http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/centralvalley/water_issues/delta_water_quality/comprehensive_monitoring_program/index.shtml.

• Pulse of the Delta 2012: Linking Science & Management Through Regional Monitoring The Pulse of the Delta 2012 has been printed and distributed. This second edition includes a key note article on the benefits of regional monitoring and management updates on the Delta RMP, U.S. EPA's Bay-Delta Action Plan, and Nutrient Numeric Endpoints for the estuary. This year's feature articles shine a spotlight on new research that may help wetland managers in the Delta reduce the methylmercury problem and showcase the history and future of the IEP in the context of the historic and future ecosystem. And new this year is a status and trends section that highlights the latest monitoring results and tracks lead indicators for water quality and ecosystem health in the Delta. For more information, contact Thomas Jabusch (thomas@aquaticsciencecenter.org, 510-746-7340)

SWAMP Bioaccumulation

Jay Davis is assisting monitoring biota at the State level. This past quarter, Jay Davis helped organize two SWAMP workshops: 1) a workshop on biotoxin monitoring on November 28th and 2) a Statewide Bioaccumulation Oversight Group meeting on December 17th

• SWAMP Workshop on Cyanotoxins in Freshwater Habitats (November 28th) Cyanotoxins from harmful algal blooms have been causing problems in a number of

water bodies in California, and have resulted in drinking water supply concerns, wildlife and domestic animal deaths, human health risks, and restrictions on shellfish harvesting. In spite of these well-documented problems, no monitoring efforts are in place to routinely screen for harmful algal blooms or associated cyanotoxins in water or organisms in California's freshwater habitats. To begin to address this need, the State Water Resources Control Board's Surface Water Ambient Monitoring Program held a workshop on November 28 at the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board in Oakland, CA. A series of talks by managers and scientists at the forefront of this issue were presented. The workshop was intended to educate managers about the potential harmful effects of cyanotoxins and factors leading to cyanotoxin production.

• **Bioaccumulation Symposium** (December 17th)

<u>The California Water Quality Monitoring Council</u> has established a committee, the <u>Bioaccumulation Oversight Group (BOG)</u>, that is charged with coordinating monitoring, assessment, and communication of information relating to bioaccumulation in California. As a first step in taking on this role, the BOG held a meeting on December 17 where a series of speakers provided an overview of various aspects of the bioaccumulation problem in California water bodies. The presentations summarized the latest information on statewide surveys of sport fish, accumulation in humans, risks to wildlife, contaminants of emerging concern, the new statewide mercury program, studies of mercury in reservoirs, consumption advisories, and efforts to communicate consumption advice to fish consumers. This meeting set the stage for subsequent BOG meetings aimed at coordinating work in all of these areas.

Current SWAMP activities include preparing a report on contaminants in fish in California rivers and streams (due May 2013), a study of mercury effects on wildlife in California lakes (sampling summer 2012, a forthcoming report documenting long-term trends in bioaccumulation in mussels, and development of a statewide strategy for bioaccumulation monitoring, assessment, and communication.

Oakland Museum - Bay Exhibit "Above and Below"

SFEI Historical Ecology and RMP staff led by Robin Grossinger and Ruth Askevold are working with the Oakland Museum to develop a Bay Exhibit celebrating the opening of the Bay Bridge and the complex ecosystem of the Bay. The exhibit will open in the Fall of 2013.

Eco-atlas

SFEI will release EcoAtlas in Q1 of 2013. EcoAtlas builds on the capabilities of Wetland Tracker, but will provide access to a richer data set to provide more landscape context to the aquatic resource extent and condition information. EcoAtlas combines SFEI-generated information with data from CEDEN and other sources and tools developed by USGS, all in a single interface. The initial release of EcoAtlas will provide access to maps of streams, wetlands and riparian areas, information about project activity, California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) quad-level species information, and land use and toxicity information. A new functionality for EcoAtlas will be a Landscape Profile tool to allow users to generate summaries

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of aquatic resource information at the landscape scale based on a user-defined area of interest. EcoAtlas' updated, dynamic, interactive map interface is intended to serve as the user interface for the Wetland and Riparian Area Monitoring Plan* as called for by the California Wetland Monitoring Workgroup of the CA Water Quality Monitoring Council. This marks a strategic milestone our efforts to build technology tools to facilitate landscape-level information display in support of decision making.

