## **COMPARISONS WITH SFEI**

- SFEI is one of our primary benchmarks
  - Same size organization
  - Same mission
- We judge our successes in part by comparison to you
  - It is not a competition, as we want us to both succeed
  - However, it is metric for judging our success
- One area we pale in comparison is communication
  - RMP Annual Meeting
  - Pulse of the Estuary
  - Historical ecology book signing
  - Museum exhibit
  - Billboards on the highway

# **AUDIENCE**

- Part of the difference is attributable to target audience
  - We focus on our Commission as the primary audience
  - Secondary focus on fellow scientists, working toward consensus
  - Less interested in reaching the general public
- Still, there are others we need to reach better
  - The bosses of our bosses
  - The people who need to implement the methods/approaches we develop
- We have three initiatives I want to share with you
  - Fact sheets
  - Videos
  - Effectiveness of the Clean Water Act document

# **CWA DOCUMENT STATUS**

#### We now have drafts of all chapters

 Executive Summary and outside Perspectives sections won't begin until these have been refined/reviewed

#### There is a need for integration

- Chapters differ in writing style and level of detail
- Burden is on SCCWRP to do that
- Karen is working on it as we speak (pray her baby is not early!)

#### The integrated document will focus on three refinements

- Shorten it to meet our goal of no more than 50 pages
- Make it less about process and more about message
- Edit it to meet our audience of high level managers

# **SCHEDULE**

- Send it out for CTAG review in April
  - Look for draft by April 16
- Use part of our April 23 meeting to summarize input and revisions
- Refine further and send draft to commentators and Executive Summary Committee no later than June 15
  - Get those sections back by July 15
- Compile and lay out the whole document by end of July
- CTAG makes this a focal point of their August 9 meeting
- Commission review/approval at their September 7 meeting
- Release: October 18

# REPORT CHAPTERS

- Have Contaminant Inputs to the Ocean Changed?
- Is it Safe to Swim?
- Are the Fish Safe to Eat?
- Has the Ecosystem been Protected?
- Have the benefits of the CWA outweighed the costs?
- Each chapter will also include a section on future challenges

## MAIN MESSAGES

#### Have Contaminant Inputs to the Ocean Changed?

- Pollution inputs to the ocean have decreased dramatically despite population increases
- Nonpoint source pollution is now a relatively greater contributor of many contaminants

#### Is it Safe to Swim?

- Beach water quality has improved dramatically
- Most improvements are due to changes in sewage treatment
  - Relocation of outfalls further offshore
  - Better (secondary) treatment
  - Disinfection
- Most remaining problems result from land-based runoff, though these are also improving

# MAIN MESSAGES (CONT.)

#### Are the Fish Safe to Eat?

- Fish tissue contamination has declined considerably
- Large sections of the coast still have fish advisories
- Current concerns stem mostly from moderate widespread mercury contamination

#### Has the Ecosystem been Protected?

- In some cases, biological communities have improved substantially
  - Invertebrates
  - Fish disease/community integrity
  - 。 Birds
- In other cases, ecosystem health depends on factors besides water quality
  - Kelp
  - Fish populations

# MAIN MESSAGES (CONT.)

#### Are the Fish Safe to Eat?

- Fish tissue contamination has declined considerably
- Large sections of the coast still have fish advisories
- Current concerns stem mostly from moderate widespread mercury contamination

#### Has the Ecosystem been Protected?

- In some cases, biological communities have improved substantially
  - Invertebrates
  - Fish disease/community integrity
  - <sub>o</sub> Birds
- In other cases, ecosystem health depends more on other factors besides water quality
  - Kelp
  - Fish population

# HAVE THE BENEFITS OF THE CWA OUTWEIGHED THE COSTS?

- Costs were substantial
- So were the benefits
- A complete analysis to assess relative costs and benefits is needed
- Future improvements are likely to come at a higher cost
  - The low-hanging fruit have been harvested
  - Infrastructure is aging and needs further investment
  - The cost burden is shifting to state and local entities
  - Need new approaches to achieve further reductions